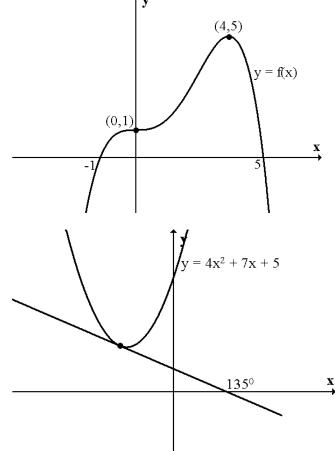




1. The diagram opposite shows the graph of y = f(x). Sketch the graph of y = f'(x).



- 2 . A tangent to the curve $y = 4x^2 + 7x + 5$ makes an angle of 135^0 with the positive direction of the *x*-axis. Find the equation of this tangent.
- 3. When $2x^3 + 4x^2 + px 4$ is divided by (x 1), the remainder is 2. Find the value(s) of p.
- 4. A function *f* is defined by the formula $f(x) = 2x^3 7x^2 + 9$. Find the greatest and least values of *f* in the interval $-4 \le x \le 2$
- 5. Simplify $Sin(x 120)^{\circ} Cos(x + 150)^{\circ}$.
- 6. Two vectors are represented by $\underline{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\underline{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ p \end{pmatrix}$. If the vectors are perpendicular, find the value of *p*.
- 7. Explain why the recurrence relation $u_{n+1} = 0.4u_n + 3$ has a limit and find this limit.
- 8. Express $3\operatorname{Sin} x^\circ 4\operatorname{Cos} x^\circ$ in the form $\operatorname{kCos}(x-a)^\circ \ 0^\circ \le a \le 360^\circ$
- 9. Simplify $Log_232 + Log_77 Log_61$.
- 10. Solve $\cos 2x \cos x = 0$ for $0 < x < 2\pi$.